

1998-1999 ELECTRICAL WIRING MANUAL

MVP-EF

1998-1999 Thomas Built Buses Inc.
Part #85410244

1998-1999 MVP-EF ELECTRICAL WIRING MANUAL

This manual should be kept in a convenient place for ready reference.

All information, illustrations, and specifications contained in this manual are based on the latest product information available at the time of publication approval. The right is reserved to make changes at any time without notice.

No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in any retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means, including but not limited to electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, or otherwise, without the prior written permission of Thomas Built Buses Incorporated.

1998-1999 MVP-EF BODY TABLE of CONTENTS

ODY SCHEMATICS	Page #	BODY SCHEMATICS	
General Recommendations - Maintenance and Repair	0	LIGHTS (Continued)	
System Protection from Short Circuits		Strobe Light	
Testing for Voltage Drop		Strobe Light, Roof	
Testing for Short to Ground		Strobe Light Roof	
Checking Current Draw		Strobe Warning Sy Strobe Light (South	
Troubleshooting Tools			
Troubleshooting Tests		Strobe Light Opera	
PANELS		Red Warning Light	
Elect. Components (Body)	4	EIGHT LIGHT WAR	
Elect. Components Front Elect. Panel CAT 3126 (Chassis)		Four Light Warning	
Elect. Diagram Front Elect. Panel (Chassis)		Eight Light Warnin	
Elect. Diagram Front Elect. Panel CAT 3126 Engine w/200/250 AMP Alternator (Chassis)		Eight Light Warnin	
Elect. Diagram Front Elect. Panel, Cummins 6B (Chassis)		Eight Light Warnin	
Elect. Diagram Front Elect. Panel, 98 Cummins ISB (Chassis)		Eight Light Warnir	
Elect. Diagram Front Elect. Panel, Cummins ISB Engine w/200/250 AMP Alternator (Chassis)		Eight Light Warnin	
Elect. Diagram Side Elect. Panel, 98 CAT 3126 (Chassis) (1 of 2)		Four Light Warning	
Elect. Diagram Side Elect. Panel, 98 CAT 3126 (Chassis) (2 of 2)		Eight Light Warnin	
Elect. Diagram Side Elect. Panel, Cummins 6B (Chassis)		Eight Light Warnin	
Elect. Diagram Side Elect. Panel, Cummins ISB (Chassis) (1 of 2)		Eight Light Warnin	
Elect. Diagram Side Elect. Panel, Cummins ISB (Chassis) (2 of 2)		Eight Light Warnin	
Chart - Circuits, Electrical (Body) (1 of 5)		Eight Light Warnin	
Chart - Circuits, Electrical (Body) (2 of 5)		Eight Light Warnin	
Chart - Circuits, Electrical (Body) (3 of 5)		Eight Light Warnin	
Chart - Circuits, Electrical (Body) (4 of 5)		Eight Light Warnin	
Chart - Circuits, Electrical (Body) (5 of 5)		Eight Light Warnin Eight Light Warnin Eight Light Warnin	
Chart - Electrical Circuits w/Color Codes, 1990 (Chassis) (1 of 3)			
Chart - Electrical Circuits w/Color Codes, 1990 (Chassis) (2 of 3)			
Chart - Electrical Circuits w/Color Codes, 1990 (Chassis) (3 of 3)		Strobe Eight Light	
MAIN BODY		Eight Light Warnin	
Main Body - Wiring	26	STOP SIGNS & CRO	
LIGHTS		Electric Stop Sign,	
Driver's Dome	28	Electric Crossing A	
Separate Switch for Marker Lights (Option: B3670-01-000)	29	Air Operated Cross	
Fog Light, Wiring		Air Stop Sign & A	
Back-Up Lamps w/Emergency Door (New Jersey)		Stop Arm Strobe L	

BODY SCHEMATICS	Page #
LIGHTS (Continued)	_
Strobe Light	
Strobe Light, Roof Mounted, Specialty Model #205-202	
Strobe Light Roof Mounted, Specialty Model #205-212	
Strobe Warning System, Whelen School	
Strobe Light (South Carolina)	
Strobe Light Operation w/Door Switch	
Red Warning Light Override Switch	
EIGHT LIGHT WARNING SYSTEM	39
Four Light Warning System (Wisconsin)	40
Eight Light Warning System	
Four Light Warning System	
Eight Light Warning System	
Eight Light Warning System w/Red Override Switch	
Eight Light Warning System (South Carolina)	
Eight Light Warning System	50
Eight Light Warning System	
Eight Light Warning System	
Eight Light Warning System (Maryland)	
Eight Light Warning System (Virginia)	
Eight Light Warning System (Florida)	
Eight Light Warning System (Florida)	
Eight Light Warning System (California)	
Strobe Eight Light Warning System	
Eight Light Warning System w/Door Control (Kentucky)	
STOP SIGNS & CROSSING GATES	
Electric Stop Sign, Specialty 5000 Series	
Electric Crossing Arm 5000 Series	
Air Operated Crossing Control Arm	
Air Stop Sign & Air Crossing Control Arm	
Stop Arm Strobe Light, Single and H/L Operation, Electric, Air & Vacuum	

1998-1999 MVP-EF BODY TABLE of CONTENTS

BODY SCHEMATICS	Page #
STOP SIGNS & CROSSING GATES (Continued)	61
Crossing Arm Deactivating Switch	
Electric Stop Sign, BMR 6000 Series	
Electric Crossing Control Arm, BMR 6000 Series	
Electrical Stop Arm Transpec w/LED's, 4 Wire Harness	
Electrical Stop Arm Transpec w/LED's, 3 Wire Harness	
Stop and Crossing Arm Schematic	
HEATERS	
Front Heater	
Stepwell Heater	
Underseat Heaters	
Heater (Webasto) Model 2010 12-Volt	
7 Day digital Timer Heater Model 2010 (Webasto)	
AIR CONDITIONING	
Air Conditioning DC-1052, 1053	80
Air Conditioning AC-7532	
LIFTS	
Lift Schematic (Braun Lift)	
Lift Schematic (Ricon Lift)	
Wiring, Thomas Elevator Lift	
DOORS	
Lift Door	
Lift Door with Brake Interlock	
Loading Door Buzzer Shut Off Switch (Option B3110-01-000)	90
Emergency Door Activated Door Lights, w/and without Vandalock	
Bode Rear Exterior and Thomas Front Air Door W/5 Position Door Control & Brake .	
Door Control, 2 Position, with Interlock (Option B5016-21-000)	
Door Control, 2 Position, No Interlock (Option B5016-22-000)	
Door Control, 5 Position, with Interlock (Option B5016-16-000)	
Door Terminal Block Wiring (Bode)	
Wheelchair, Rear Exit, 2 Position Door Control, w/Brake Interlock (Bode)	
Wheelchair Rear Exit, 2 Position Door Control, w/Brake Interlock (Bode)	
Wheelchair Driver Controlled Exit Door, Brake Interlock (Bode)	
Wheelchair Exit w/Touch Bar, Driver Close, w/Brake Interlock (Bode)	
Wheelchair Driver Controlled Exit Door, Front Door, Brake Interlock (Bode)	
Wheelchair Exit w/Touch Bar and Time Delay, and Brake Interlock (Bode)	

BODY SCHEMATICS	Page #
DOORS (Continued)	
Rear Door w/Front Door, 5 Position Door Control, w/Brake Interlock (Bode)	
Rear Exit, 2 Position Door Control, w/Brake Interlock (Bode)	
Rear Door w/Front Door, 5 Position Door Control, w/Brake Interlock (Bode)	105
Rear Exit, 2 Position Door Control, w/Brake Interlock (Bode)	
Rear Door w/Front Door, 5 Position Door Control, w/Brake Interlock (Bode)	
Rear Exit, 2 Position Door Control, w/Brake Interlock (Bode)	
Speedswitch	
VANDALOCK	
Electro Thermo Operated Door (Vandalock)	112
Wiring Schematic (Vandalock)	
RADIO & SPEAKERS	
PA Radio, Mito SP Series	
Speaker Hook-Up	
Speaker Hook-Up	
PA Radio w/Two Speakers w/Volume Control at Each Speaker	
Radio w/Speaker Chick Bus	
Radio Speakers	
Six Radio Speakers	
Rheostat Controlled Driver's Speaker	
Rheostat - 10 Watt Single Line Audio	
MISCELLANEOUS	125
Doran Monitor All Models	
Fan Overhead Fan on Chick Bus	
Fan Wiring	
Heated Mirrors	
Video Camera Supply and Ground Circuit (South Carolina)	130
Backing Alarm	
Roll Back Alarm	
Cellular Phone Power Outlet and Location	
Roof Escape Hatch w/Power Vent (Transpec, Model 1600)	
Onspot Chains	
Touch Tape Chime System, for ADA Stop Request	

1998-1999 MVP-EF CHASSIS TABLE of CONTENTS

CHASSIS SCHEMATICS	Page #
MAIN CHASSIS	
FC Unit Main Chassis (1 of 2)	
FC Unit Main Chassis (2 of 2)	
Main Chassis, Cat 3126 Engine (1 of 2)	
Main Chassis, Cat 3126 Engine (2 of 2)	
Main Chassis, Cummins ISB (1 of 2)	
Main Chassis, Cummins ISB (2 of 2)	
Main Chassis, 98 Elect. Cat 3126 Engine (1of 2)	
Main Chassis, 98 Elect. Cat 3126 Engine (2 of 2)	
Main Chassis, Cummins ISB w/200/250 Amp Alternator (1 of 2)	
Main Chassis, Cummins ISB w/200/250 Amp Alternator (2 of 2)	
Main Chassis, Cummins ISB w/200/250 Amp Alternator (1 of 2)	
Main Chassis, Cummins ISB w/200/250 Amp Alternator (2 of 2)	
ENGINE	
Elect. Cat 3126 (1 of 2)	
Elect. Cat 3126 (2 of 2)	
Elect. 98 Cummins ISB Engine, FC OEM Interface Conn. B	
Ether Start Cummins 6B Engine	
TRANSMISSION	
Elect. Allison WTEC III Transmission	
WTEC III, Bussman VIM	
Elect. Allison MD Elect. Transmission	
Manual Transmission	
2 Speed Axle Manual Transmission	
BRAKES	163
Anti-Lock Brake System (97 Models) (1 of 2)	
Anti-Lock Brake System (97 Models) (2 of 2)	
Anti-Lock Brake System w/Traction (98 Models) (1 of 2)	
Anti-Lock Brake System w/Traction (98 Models) (2 of 2)	
ABS External Relay Functions	
Hydraulic Anti-Lock Brake System (98 Models)	

CHASSIS SCHEMATICS	Page
BRAKES (Continued)	
Hydro - Max Hydraulic Brakes 10 Pin Control Module	
Hydro - Max Hydraulic Brakes Electronic Engine, Cat 3126	
Hydraulic Brakes Module, 98 Cat 3126	
Hydro - Max Hydraulic Brakes Elect. Engine, 98 Cummins 6B	
Elect. Pacebrake Exhaust Brake	
Exhaust Brake w/WTEC III Transmission	
FUEL	
Fuel Relay and Fuel Solenoid w/Kysor Protection System	
SPEEDOMETER	
Speedo at Trans., Pulse Distrib. Mod. 98 Cummins 6B	
Speedo MD Trans., WTEC III, 98 Cummins 6B	
COOLANT	
Elect. Fan Operation	
Elect. Fan/Shutter Operation (97 Models)	
Elect. Fan/Shutter Operation Cat 3126 Engine (97 Models)	
Shutter Operation 98 Cummins 6B	
LIGHTS	
Alarm Head Lights	
Daytime Running Lights, Standard Headlight Switch	
Daytime Running Lights, Standard Headlight Switch	
Daytime Running Lights w/Std. Headlight Switch & Starter Interrupt (1 of 3)	
Daytime Running Lights w/Std. Headlight Switch & Starter Interrupt (2 of 3)	
Daytime Running Lights w/Std. Headlight Switch & Starter Interrupt (3 of 3)	
Pilot "Stop Engine" Lamp 98 Engine, FC Instrument Panel	
Master Control Switch	
Hazard Lamps Solid State Flasher	
MISCELLANEOUS	19
Roll-Back Alarm	
Alternator Low Output Charge Indicator Relay/Light (Delco Alternator)	

General Recommendations - Maintenance and Repair

The following comments may be helpful in avoiding some of the most common problems experienced over the life of the bus.

1. Shorts in Cables and Harnesses:

Cables that chafe of dangle will eventually wear through the insulation and result in a short. This can also cause terminals to loosen at their terminal point. Many times a mounting clip is removed to permit access to another component or to service that particular harness/cable. ALWAYS reinstall the mounting clips to their original position.

2. Corrosion in Sockets and Terminals:

This can be a serious problem on units operating on streets and highways using salt and sodium chloride products.

The use of an anti-corrosive sealant, such as Graffo 116 to coat exposed connectors, switches, and ground terminals, is very helpful in deterring corrosion in such areas.

The use of a dielectric grease to coat the base and sockets of bulbs will deter the formation of corrosion in lamps exposed to road contaminants. It, also, reduces road shock in the bulb filaments.

3. Circuit Resistance:

Circuit resistance is usually caused by loose terminals at the point of termination, improper crimping of replacement terminals onto the wire, and unprofessional splicing of two wires together.

Practically all replacement terminals require a special tool to insure a complete, secure bond of the terminal and the wire. If the proper crimping tool is not available, the terminal should be soldered to the wire, using a rosin flux solder. Always cover the end of the terminal with a one inch piece of heat shrink tubing to prevent the entrance of water, salt, etc.

Twisting the wires together is acceptable <u>only</u> if the union is then soldered with rosin flux solder, and covered with a heat shrink tubing extending one inch on each side of the union. Butt splices are also common in such a repair. Again, cover the splice with heat shrink tubing.

Wiring left improperly sealed will corrode, and the corrosion can wick up the entire length of the wire. **Figure 1** is an example of the proper way to splice two wires together.

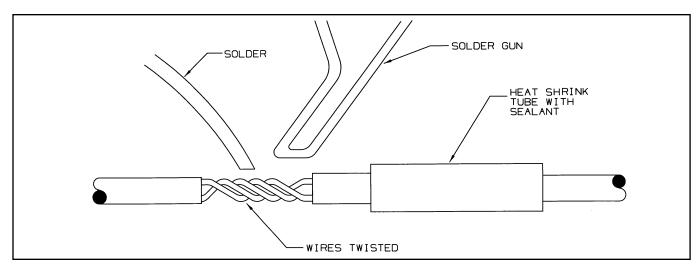


Figure 1

4. Overloaded Circuits:

Additional electrical components should not be added to existing circuits. There is room for additional circuit breakers on the side electrical panel, if additional options are added in the field.

5. Proper Diagnosis:

Thorough diagnosis is a must to eliminate repeat failures in the electrical system. Determining the cause of a particular failure not only solves the problem on the unit involved, but it may be helpful in preventing failures on other similar units in the fleet.

In the event a particular circuit breaker continues to trip, even though no short is found, it would be wise to check the circuit flow on that circuit and compare it to the rating of the circuit breaker. The circuit breaker may be tripping below its rating, or the current draw may be in excess of the breaking rating.

To check current draw on any given circuit, connect an ammeter in series between the circuit and a battery terminal. Energize the circuit and read the amps registered on the ammeter.

System Protection from Short Circuits

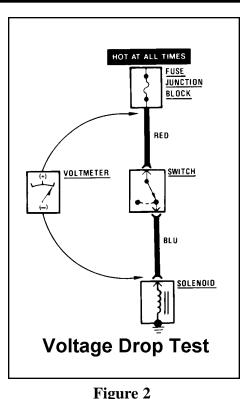
The electrical system has three means of protection from damage due to a short circuit in the total system:

- 1. Each circuit is protected by an automatic resetting circuit breaker. In some instances a circuit breaker may accommodate more than one circuit; however, in no case would the combined load be in excess of the rating of the circuit breaker if all the circuits were energized at the same time. In the event such a circuit breaker is tripping all the time it will be necessary to check out each circuit using that circuit breaker.
- 2. A 150 amp manual-reset Master circuit breaker is located on the front electrical panel of the MVP-EF, and on the rear electrical panel of the MVP-ER, ER-Transit, CL960 and TL960. This will protect the electrical system from damage that may occur from a major short in any area not protected by a fuse or automatic circuit breaker. This circuit breaker must be manually reset in the event it trips. When the breaker trips, the small RED button will depress. To reset it, move the small black lever located on the left side of the breaker back against the body of the breaker. When the electrical system has to be taken out of service to make other repairs, the master breaker can be tripped by depressing the small RED button in the center of the breaker.

In the event the Master breaker should trip more than once, the cause MUST be determined before placing the bus back in service.

3. In the unlikely event a battery cable should short out against a chassis component, the 2 AWG engine-to-chassis ground cable will fail. This cable is attached to the engine block on the right side and is connected to the right frame rail.

In addition to the above precautions to minimize damage from an electrical fire, the insulation on all wiring is of a crosslink polyethylene composition which will not maintain combustion once the copper core of the wire cools. The same applies to convoluted tubing used to protect harnesses and tubing from chafing and the elements.



Testing for Voltage Drop

This test checks for voltage being lost along a wire, or through a connection or switch. See **Figure 2.**

- 1. Connect the positive lead of a voltmeter to the end of the wire (or to the side of the connection or switch) which is closest to the battery.
- 2. Connect the negative lead to the other end of the wire (or the other side of the connection or switch).
- 3. Operate the circuit.
- 4. The voltmeter will show the difference in voltage between the two points. A difference (or drop) of more than one volt indicates a problem.

Testing for Short to Ground

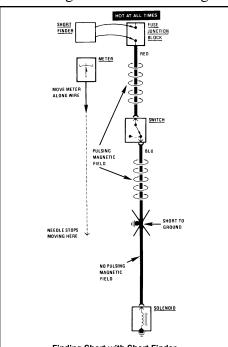
- 1. Remove the blown fuse, leaving the battery connected.
- 2. Connect the short finder across the fuse terminals.
- 3. Close all switches in series with the circuit you are trouble-shooting.
- 4. Operate the short finder. The short finder will pulse current to the short. This creates a pulsing magnetic field surrounding the circuit wiring between the fuse junction block and the short.
- 5. Beginning at the fuse junction block, slowly move the short finder meter along the circuit wiring. The meter will show current pulses through sheet metal and body trim.

As long as the meter is between the fuse junction block and the short, the needle will move with each current pulse. When you have moved the meter past the point of the short, the needle will stop moving. Examine the wiring in that area for the short to ground. See **Figure 3.**

Checking Current Draw

Measures current flow.

3. Used in a closed circuit. See **Figure 4.**



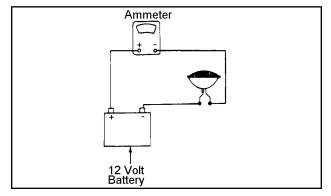
Troubleshooting Tools

Electrical troubleshooting requires the use of common electrical test equipment.

1. Connected in series IN a circuit according to polarity.

Test Light/Voltmeter:

Use a test light to check for voltage. A Test Light is made up of a 12-volt light bulb with a repair of leads attached. After grounding one lead, touch the other lead to various points along the circuit where voltage should be present. When the bulb goes on, there is voltage at the point being tested.



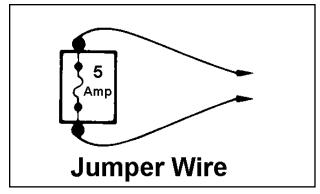


Figure 4

Figure 5

A voltmeter can be used instead of a test light. While a test light shows whether or not voltage is present, a voltmeter indicates how much voltage is present.

Never use a test light on circuits that contain solid state components, since damage to these components may result.

Jumper Wire:

A jumper wire is made up of an in-line fuse holder connected to a set of test leads. It should have a five ampere fuse. Use it for bypassing open circuits. Never use a jumper wire across any load (motors, etc.). This direct battery short will blow the fuse. See **Figure 5.**

Short Finder:

Short Finders are available to locate hidden shorts to ground. The short finder creates a pulsing magnetic field in the shorted circuit and shows you the location of the short through body trim or sheet metal.

Troubleshooting Tests

Test for Voltage:

- 1. Connect one lead of a test light to a known good ground. If you are using a voltmeter, be sure it is the voltmeter's negative lead that you have connected to ground.
- 2. Connect the other lead of the test light or voltmeter to a selected test point (connector or terminal).
- 3. If the test light glows, there is voltage present. If you are using a voltmeter, note the voltage reading. It should be within one of measured battery voltage. A loss of more than one volt indicates a problem. See **Figure 6.**

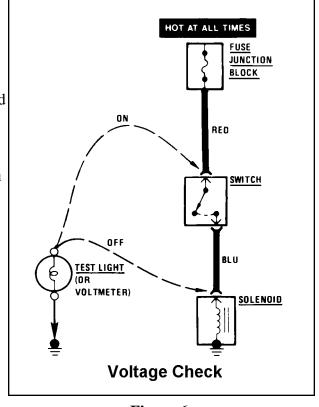


Figure 6

Figure 3

1998-1999 Electrical Wiring Manual

1408 Courtesy Road Post Office Box 2450 High Point, NC 27261 (336) 889-4871

Thomas Built Buses of Canada 275 Tecumseh Street Woodstock, Ontario, Canada N4S-7Z5

Thomas Built Buses de Mexico, S.A. de C.V. Av. "A" No. 100 Frac. Industrial Almacentro Apodaca, N.L. C.P. 66600 Mexico



